

### Pilgrim's Lane

As the name suggests, Pilgrim's Lane is an old thoroughfare for pilgrims on their way to Canterbury in Kent. It is now a quiet bridleway and a haven for wildflowers and birds.

### Weald Country Park

In Weald Country Park the woodlands are a mixture of conifers and hardwoods, gradually opening out into old deer parkland with pollarded trees. These 'pollarded' trees would have been cut at a height of about 10 feet from the ground. This provided a source of wood which was kept well out of reach of browsing deer and cattle.

### Oak Trees

The lonely oak trees scattered among the arable fields would have been removed to accommodate larger farm machinery.

### Princes Road

Princes Road is an old lane, deep and winding with steep banks and sides and is part of a network which connected villages, hamlets and scattered farms. They are becoming increasingly rare due to road improvements.

### Black rabbits

Look out for the famous black rabbits of Weald.

### Original fields

Many of the original small fields remain bounded by hedges.

### Weald Country Park Visitor Centre

The visitor centre is a renovated barn and inside you will find information about the Country Park and Harold the 'concrete tree' (the ranger's answer to tree vandals!). Gifts and light refreshments are also available.

### Deer paddock

In the deer paddock you will see a herd of fallow deer, a reminder of Weald's rich former past when the park and surrounding countryside was a royal hunting forest for the Kings of England.

### The Mores

This woodland is owned by the Woodland Trust, a charity committee set up to safeguard as many woodlands as possible. The first half of this woodland is dominated by birch which is particularly good for insects and fungi. Look out for the bracket fungus especially on dead or dying trees. Across the boardwalk the woodland is ancient and is dominated by hornbeam coppice. Note the weird and wonderful shapes of the trees and lack of light penetrating the woodland floor. This is largely due to neglect of the coppice management. However it is hoped that this traditional management will once again be reintroduced to the benefit of the wildlife.

### The Lakes

The lakes were created by hand in the 18th century mainly for ornamental purposes. Today they are home for a variety of wildlife including the great crested grebe whose feathers were eagerly sought after by Victorian ladies for their hats. This inevitably led to a dramatic decline in the bird's population until another group of ladies formed a bird protection organisation which became the Royal Society for the Protection of Birds (RSPB).



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#### Distance and time taken

Complete circuit 9 miles – 4.5 hours walk. Can be divided into two sections of 4.5 miles.

#### Going

Country lanes, open parkland and some cross field footpaths. Some stiles/gates.

#### Habitat types

Deer parkland and woodland.

#### Ordnance Survey Map

Explorer 175.

#### Refreshments

Weald Country Park visitor centre.

#### Dogs

If you take your dog with you, please keep it under control, preferably on a lead.

# Country Walking in Essex

# Weald & Navestock